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Quantifying Missingness in Wearable Heart Rate Recordings

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Abstract. Wrist-worn photoplethysmography (PPG) heart rate monitoring devices are increasingly used in clinical applications despite the potential for data missingness and inaccuracy. This paper provides an analysis of the intermittency of experimental wearable data recordings. Devices recorded heart rate with gaps of 5 or more minutes 41.6% of the time and 15 or more minutes 3.8% of the time.

Keywords. wearable, heart rate, photoplethysmography, missingness

1. Introduction

The clinical application of wearable consumer-grade PPG heart rate monitors is evidenced by 601 ‘fitbit’ search results from the ClinicalTrials.gov database [1]. However, reliable heart rate estimation from on-wrist PPG sensors is challenging [2,3], particularly during periods of activity [4]. Embedded device firmware can attempt to identify and reject less reliable readings, but this can introduce gaps in recorded data.

2. Methods

We extracted 1280 minutes of recorded data from Garmin Vivosmart 3 (v4.10) .FIT files. These were recorded from four participants (P01-4), wearing four devices (D01-4), two per wrist, during 80-minute treadmill walking activities comprising 20 minutes at each of 2.4, 3.2, 4.8 and 6.4 km/h. We compared recordings and timestamps made by Vivosmart 3 devices and a Polar H10 chest strap ECG monitor (1W v2.1.9).

3. Results

The Vivosmart 3 results are summarized in figure 1. 37.9% of the 1280 minutes of heart rate recordings were made at 1-minute intervals. 41.6% were made at intervals of 5 or more minutes. 12.3% were made at 10 or more minute intervals and 3.8% were made at 15 or more minute intervals. Mean Absolute Percentage Errors (MAPEs) between 4.34%

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and 16.00% were previously reported for this data [4,5]; in analyzing the intervals between these recordings we found no significant positive or negative correlations between heart rate estimation errors and the time between recordings.

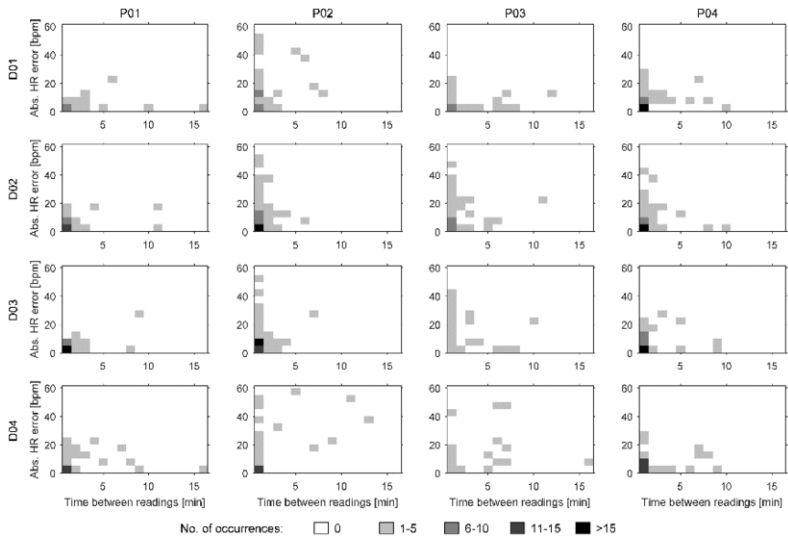


Figure 1. Heat maps showing the frequency of absolute heart rate errors and times between recordings

4. Discussion

Data missingness is not widely reported in the literature but it is important if real-time physiological data recording is significant to clinical application or patient monitoring.

5. Conclusions

We have quantified data missingness in wearable device heart rate estimates and demonstrated the intermittent nature of device recordings and the long delays that can occur between logged heart rate estimates.

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